



ALEXANDRIA, VA.  
TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 9.

THE Washington Star is as wrong when it says that Alexandria has had a "century of lethargy" as it is right in saying that her reaching the condition of being "the commercial and manufacturing center of the Capital of the United States of America" lies entirely in the hands of her own enterprise. Alexandria has always been industrious and liberal, but from the first her rise and progress have been hindered by the proximity of the national Capital. Now, however, that proximity has become one of the chief sources of her expected prosperity, and if that source be properly availed of by her own enterprise, it will be sure to result in a success.

MR. WATTERSON says he "is amazed at Hill's irritation." He may be; but it strikes most other people that if he, Watterson, were assured of a solid delegation from his own State to a nominating convention, and a New Yorker, with whom he was only slightly acquainted, should not only write him a letter, but publish it, advising him to withdraw in favor of another Kentuckian, who wouldn't have a single member of the delegation from his own State, he, too, would be irritated, and would not think the fact that he was so would amaze any body, let alone the writer and publisher of the letter.

THE DEMOCRATS had control of the U. S. House of Representatives in the fifteenth Congress, and, when they retired, left an immense surplus in the people's treasury. The republicans had control of the House in the fifty-first Congress, and left an empty treasury, having extracted therefrom one billion nine million dollars. But during the whole of the fifteenth Congress the republican cry was that the people's treasury was in the hands of "unrepentant rebels." It would have been well for the people if their treasury had remained in the hands of the "rebels" referred to.

THE NEW YORK Herald, in reference to the President's intention of mixing white and black soldiers at Fort Meyer in this county, says: "The Ninth cavalry in or near the capital will go a long way toward dissipating the worn out color prejudice." The Herald was never more mistaken. The color prejudice, so far from being worn out, is increasing, and that, too, in the North, and the attempt to put white and negro troops together, on terms of equality at the national capital, will only intensify that prejudice.

THE LOWER house of the Massachusetts legislature, by a majority of twenty-seven, has just condemned Mr. Hoar for the conspicuous part he took in attempting to ruin the South by the passage of the infamous Force bill. This action would have been valuable if taken before the defeat of the bill referred to, but, though worthless now, it nevertheless shows that the majority of the people of Mr. Hoar's own State don't approve of his subservience to that notorious ballot manipulator, Johnny Davenport, a devil lane.

THE DEMOCRATS in Congress, by wisdom and unity, defeated the Force bill, but with all their wisdom and unity combined, they were unable to prevent the republicans from bankrupting the treasury. How they can curtail expenses, so as to enable the government to meet all its liabilities, without increasing the already onerous taxation beyond the bearing point, is a puzzle which the wisest will find great difficulty in solving.

#### FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]  
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 10, 1890.  
Mr. Pendleton, who though fairly elected, was deprived of his seat in the latest Congress by the fraudulent parlor elections committee of the House, but who was re-elected last fall by a satisfactory majority, was in the House to-day, he and Mr. Boutelle, the blatant South-bater from Maine, being the only members of the next House present.

Mr. Pendleton says the congressional democratic majority in his State last November was nearly two thousand, and that he thinks his State can no longer be included among those that are doubtful. Mr. Pendleton also says he is doubtful of the permanence of the democratic gains in the Northwest at last fall's election, and thinks the success of the next national democratic ticket depends upon the States of New York, Indiana, New Jersey and Connecticut. Mr. Pendleton represents the Wheeling district of West Virginia, is the son of the late able ex-member of the Virginia Legislature from Wheeling, and a relative of the late John S. Pendleton, the whig member of Congress from the Alexandria district.

At a joint meeting of the Potomac, Columbia and Annapolis boat clubs last night an invitation was unanimously extended to the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen to hold its regatta on the Potomac river at Washington in August next. The national association held its regatta here ten years ago. Washington amateur oarsmen are enthusiastic over the prospect of the invitation being accepted and hope in case of its acceptance to make the annual regatta of 1891 surpass all previous regattas of the National Amateur Association.

The ex-Confederates of this city will meet to-morrow night to organize a society the object of which is to find out and render necessary aid to such survivors of the lost cause in this city as may stand in need of that aid. All the ex-Union soldiers here are well provided for by the government, which lays taxes upon all the people, southern as well as northern, for that purpose, but there is nobody to look after the needy ex-Confederates here, their more prosperous comrades have determined to take that duty upon themselves.

The case of the civil service commission

vs. Newton, for violation of the civil service law, has been postponed to the court in June. That of the same vs. Verser, for the same offense, will be set for trial in the criminal court here as soon as Mr. Edmund Burke, counsel for Verser, shall return from Richmond, where he has gone to reargue the case for the possession of the Abington estate, between this city and Alexandria.

It is rumored here to-day that in the organization of the next House the old custom of making the representative of the adjoining Virginia district chairman of the committee on the District of Columbia will be restored, and that therefore General Lee, like his predecessors, General Hunter and Senator Barbour, will be selected for that place, no matter who may be Speaker. General Lee is very popular with the District people, whose interest he has made it his business to look after, next to those of his own district and of his own State.

It is reported here that ex-Congressmen Bowden and Langston of Virginia, have recommended the appointment of ex-Congressman McComas of Maryland to the new judgeship of the Virginia circuit, though they knew that qualified and reputable Virginia republicans were applicants for the place; also that General Mahone has recommended Judge Paul, of the western district of Virginia, for that position. It is also rumored that so defective and ambiguous is the law creating the new courts that the President may not appoint any of the judges thereof until the meeting of the next Congress.

General Lee and wife left here to-day for Alexandria to attend the funeral of the late Mrs. Frank Dickins, of Fairfax county, Virginia, a daughter of the late Thomas Marion Randolph, of Tuckahoe. Her remains were taken to Richmond for interment in Hollywood cemetery.

Among the rumors circulating among the Virginians here to-day is one to the effect that Mr. Burgess, formerly of Culpeper C. H., Va., has made an investment in a silver mine in Arizona that promises to make him and all those interested with him rich. Another is to the effect that Mr. John Fopham, jr., has made a most successful speculation in Central America, one the profits of which will enable him to retire upon an ample competency.

#### Abducted by Her Husband.

An abduction, under most sensational circumstances, is reported from Clithero, twenty-eight miles from Manchester, England, Sunday morning. As Mrs. E. Jackson was leaving a church in that place a carriage drawn by foaming horses, and containing three men, was driven up and stopped near the lady, who was seized upon and forcibly conveyed inside the vehicle. The carriage containing the abductors and their victim then drove rapidly away, with friends of the lady in vain pursuit. The abducting party alighted before a house in Blackburn, and conducted Mrs. Jackson inside the dwelling. They then proceeded to barricade the doors and windows of the house, and strenuously refused admittance to the party of pursuers, who had followed them in another carriage from Clithero. It has been learned that the principal abductor is the occupant of the barricaded house in Blackburn is P. H. Jackson, who is the husband of the abducted lady. It seems that three years ago Jackson privately married the lady, then Miss Hall, and that she is the possessor of a fortune of £27,000. After the marriage Jackson went to Australia, returning, however, early in 1889, but the lady then absolutely refused to live with him. Jackson then upon obtained a High Court order for restitution of conjugal rights, notwithstanding which his wife steadily refused to live with him, and he resorted to abduction. After the abduction crowds of people surrounded Jackson's house, which they threatened to storm, in order to release Mrs. Jackson, but the chief constable warned them that in so doing they would be guilty of a breach of the peace, while Jackson himself, from a window of the house, shouted defiance to those outside, saying he had a large force ready to resist any attempts at rescue. Both sides were on the alert throughout the night, and all day yesterday. The police have succeeded in maintaining order outside the house. Mrs. Jackson's solicitor has obtained a warrant against the abductors for assaulting his client's sister, at the time of the abduction, but the abductors still remain holed out in the house, and cannot be arrested. Crowds of people are still watching the house.

**SHOWERS OF BLOOD.**—Showers of blood from the sky were very rare in this day and age of the world, a fact which makes their comparatively common occurrence in the olden time only that much more extraordinary and unaccountable. In the "Annals of Remarkable Happenings in Rome," mention is made of 14 different showers of blood and other substances mixed between the years 319 A.D. and 1170 B.C.; these there were two "showers of much intensity, of which the liquid resembled pure blood, and was not intermixed with other matter, as heretofore reported." In 1222 we find records of a shower of blood and dust over the larger part of Italy. In 1226 snow fell in Syria, "which presently turned into large pools of gore." A monk who wrote in 1251 tells of a three-days' shower of blood all over southern Europe. In the same year a lot freshly taken from the oven "died black like a new wound" when sliced at the table. In 1348 the great chasms made by the earthquake at Villach, Austria, "sent forth blood, and a great pestilence followed." Burundy had a bloody shower in 1361, and Dorfordshire, England, witnessed the same phenomenon in 1450. In 1636 hailstones fell in Wurtemberg which contained hollow cavities filled with blood. The last bloody shower on record occurred in Siam in 1892.—*St. Louis Republic.*

#### Still Holds His Wife.

LONDON, March 10.—The best-dressed of the house at Clithero where Mr. Jackson took his wife, the possessor of a fortune of about \$125,000, after having abducted her, she having refused to live with him in spite of the orders of the courts still remain at their posts. Mr. Jackson, on the other hand, maintains his residence in a barricaded condition, and the police remain on watch to prevent a serious collision between Mrs. Jackson's relatives, who are trying to rescue her, and Mr. Jackson and his friends. Mr. Jackson has telephoned that his wife, during the day, yesterday, had been obstinate and helpless. Towards evening she commenced to talk and there were signs of a reconciliation between the husband and wife. A body of 100 men headed by Mrs. Jackson's relatives, this morning marched to attack the Jackson residence. Upon seeing the party approach, the chief constable assembled his force across the road leading to the Jackson homestead. After some parleying the chief constable managed to disperse the crowd.

**A MARINER'S IGNIS FATUUS.**—Captain Pettinridge, of the ship Lock Eck, which, has just arrived at Hogo, Japan, from Philadelphia, says that on January 3, while in latitude 3.06, longitude 140.20, he sighted Saito, or Putip Island, a small British possession in the South Pacific Ocean. Captain Pettinridge knew that his position was correct by observations. The latitude he found to be correct, but the longitude thirty miles out of that given on the charts. It is believed that many vessels have been lost by striking these islands at night.

#### NEWS OF THE DAY.

The southwestern portion of England was been visited by a terrific blizzard.

Wm. D. Cross, colored, convicted of killing his wife in Washington, will have another trial.

Algiers, La., has been selected by the government as the site for the proposed southern dry dock.

The U. S. Supreme Court has advanced the case to test the constitutionality of the McKinley tariff law.

New York bankers and friends of the late Secretary Windom have subscribed a fund of \$50,000 for his family.

The nine circuit judges provided for by a recent act of Congress will not be appointed for several months yet.

The Spanish government will dispatch 6,000 troops to Cuba, owing to the increased political excitement there.

The German embassy officials criticize President Carnot for not calling upon Empress Frederick during her stay in Paris.

Three hundred thousand arrobes of sugar cane belonging to the Victoria estate near Sagua, Cuba, were destroyed by fire yesterday.

The West Virginia State House of Representatives yesterday passed the bill to re-district the congressional and legislative districts.

The President has declined to pardon Joe C. Eao, the New York bank defaulter who is now in Canada. His father made good the defalcation.

Lady Dilke yesterday addressed a meeting of Liberals in London in defense of her husband, and a resolution expressing confidence in Sir Charles was adopted.

The appearance of detectives in the Ohio State Capitol, at Columbus, and their close watch on the movements of members of the Legislature, has caused a sensation.

The light-weights, Jimmy Hagan, of Philadelphia, and Tommy Danforth, of New York, had their glove contest in Hoboken last night, when Danforth was whipped in the seventh round.

Two negroes in the lock-up at Buchanan set fire to the building last night and were rescued by citizens just in time to save their lives. One escaped during the confusion and the other was severely burned.

Dr. E. J. Goodwin, of Indiana, in a lecture in Washington last night claimed to have discovered a new and exact method of computing the area of a circle, and asserted that the rule now in use is wrong.

It is thought that Esther Sylomys, the girl who, it is alleged, was murdered by the Jews of Tisza Ezer, Hungary, nine years ago, and offered up as a sacrifice in their temple, has been discovered living in New York.

The work of demolishing the houses on the square formerly occupied by Naylor's stables in Washington, on which a large power house for the Washington and Georgetown Railroad company is to be erected at a cost of \$450,000, is nearly completed.

The London Standard says that Mr. Parnell in his speech at Newry, Sunday, forecasted Mr. Gladstone's expected fiscal declaration to shake off Mr. Parnell by himself shaking off Mr. Gladstone as useless any longer for an instrument with which to obtain Home Rule.

J. E. Snow, democrat, was yesterday elected Mayor of Bangor, Me., and W. P. Thompson, democrat, Mayor of Belfast. Biddeford elected a full democratic ticket, and Lewiston also went democratic. These cities have hitherto been carried by the republicans. The republicans carried Augusta.

A resolution was passed by the Pennsylvania House of Representatives yesterday endorsing Speaker Reed. The democrats moved to amend by making it read that the republicans of the House only endorsed him, but the amendment was defeated and the original resolution passed by a strict party vote.

A pitched battle between desperate men occurred Sunday night at a place called "Hell's Half Acre," near Cumberland Gap. Each Johnson was killed and four men wounded by bullets. The fight is an outcome of the killing of young Watts, the Englishman who was murdered some time ago while on a hunting trip. Johnson and Sothern had been arrested for being concerned in the killing of Watts.

The settlement of the Fayerweather will contest in New York leaves in full force the requests of \$100,000 to the University of Virginia, \$100,000 to the college at Hampton and \$2,000,000 to other educational institutions. Although the counsel refused to reveal the terms of settlement, there is no doubt but that Mrs. Lucy Fayerweather, the widow, receives a moderate fortune in cash and an increase of her annual income, which was \$15,000 per year under the will. The other contestants are also provided for.

#### VIRGINIA NEWS.

Tom Berry, an aged and well-liked colored man, was found dead in a stable stall in Leesburg yesterday, whether he had sought protection from the rainy night.

The only case before the Court of Appeals yesterday was that of Hodges against Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad company which was argued and submitted.

The oyster packers of Baltimore and vicinity, at last realizing that some steps must be taken to protect the oyster interests, have issued a call for a meeting to provide measures to save the oyster beds from total extinction.

In London court yesterday the case of William Davis, accused of felonious assault on Lizzie Valentine, fourteen years of age, both colored, was tried. The jury returned a verdict of guilty and fixed the punishment at twenty years in the penitentiary.

At the democratic primary elections for county offices held in Loudoun on Saturday the following nominations were made: Commonwealth's attorney, J. B. McCab; sheriff, H. H. Russell; county treasurer, James E. Carruthers; commissioner of roads, W. H. Clement; supervisor, Leesburg district, Edgar F. Burch; commissioner revenue, George W. Virz.

**A BAPTIST STRUCK.**—The French Catholics of New Haven, Conn., are in a state of excitement over what they call a miracle. A former member of the Church while indulging in the most terrible blasphemy was stricken with paralysis a few days ago, and is now unable to speak. The miracle was in the fact that a number of friends had persuaded him to attend church, when he began to denounce the Church, religion and priests. The next minute, it is said, he was seen to grow rigid. His arms drew up convulsively, and he gasped for breath. He endeavored to speak, but could not utter a word. The persons who witnessed the incident and fearful stroke at once pronounced it a visitation of Providence. A physician was summoned, and he was taken to his home in a helpless condition.

Steamboats will soon be running on the Sea of Galilee.

Medical men often puzzle themselves over the large sale that Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup enjoys. Its great popularity is due only to the excellent qualities possessed by this household medicine.

When traveling, people are apt to get car-sick. Therefore take along a box of Old Bull's Catarrh Cure. Only 25 cents. Sold by all dealers.

#### TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Dudley, Hall & Co., tea dealers of Boston, assigned to-day. Liabilities \$400,000.

There is a strong probability of a general strike and lock out of plasterers at Milwaukee.

A fire broke out in New York early this morning in a four-story factory on Third avenue, which did \$10,000 damage.

The republican convention of Rhode Island to-day nominated Gov. H. W. Ladd for Governor and a full State ticket.

The U. S. steamer Yantic sailed from Fortress Monroe this morning to destroy wrecks in the vicinity of Cape Hatteras.

William Dabney Strather Taylor, aged 85, a nephew of the late President Zachary Taylor, died at Louisville, Ky., yesterday.

The rumor that the steamer Buckeye went down in Puget Sound with twenty passengers Sunday night is not confirmed.

Glyndon, Maryland, was yesterday afternoon deluged by a rainfall, precipitated by a sharp thunder storm, accompanied by vivid lightning.

Gov. Hill, of New York, to-day commuted the sentence of Frank Fish, who was convicted of murder in Ontario county in May last, to imprisonment for life.

The Edgar Thompson steel works of Carnegie at Braddock, Pa., which shut down for repairs several weeks ago, will not resume operations for some time.

California democrats held a caucus last night at Sacramento, and agreed to give the complimentary nomination of the U. S. Senator to Goucher, Ostrom and Coleman, each on a separate day.

Much damage has been done throughout Mississippi by the floods of Saturday and Sunday. Many bridges and turnpikes have been washed away and it is impossible to estimate the damage.

Sidney Lewis, the young fellow who some days ago shot and killed his father, Judge Lewis, in Hardin county, Ky., is in Knoxville in jail. He was taken there last night from Hawkins county, where he was arrested.

The brewers and malsters' union of St. Louis have asked the various labor unions to boycott beer from the Anheuser-Busch brewing association, William J. Lempe western brewery, and the St. Louis brewing association.

Near Pineon, Tenn., Saturday night, Scott Bradford, colored, while preparing to retire, was shot in the back and killed by an assassin, the shot passing through a window. His wife was so frightened that she did not stir till morning.

There seems to be no longer a possibility of the election of A. J. Streeter to the United States Senate from Illinois. Messrs. Moore and Cookrell to-day decided to refrain from voting, but to-morrow, after deciding their position to the public, they will vote for Palmer. During the balloting to-day the republican and farmers' alliance members refrained from voting.

**VALUE OF A BEAUTIFUL SERVICES.**—There is an interesting legal case going on in New York between millionaire Collis P. Huntington and Madame Rowland, a professional beautifier. The woman in the case, or rather the woman in the suit, for there are two women involved, claims to have discovered a method of redressing superfluous flesh and removing wrinkles at the same time. Among her customers was Mrs. C. P. Huntington, who was a frequent visitor to Madame Rowland's office. The usual methods had been tried, but had not produced the desired results, so the professional beautified then cheerfully undertook to make Mrs. Huntington more beautiful. The success of her treatment was not brought into question, but when a bill of \$900 was presented to Mr. Huntington the millionaire flatly refused to pay. He did not deny that the added attractiveness of his wife was worth thousands of dollars; yet he considered the price exorbitant for the services rendered. He offered \$100, which was declined, and upon his refusal to pay more was served with notice of a suit. The publicity consequent upon the settlement of the case in law is just what Mr. Huntington has wished to avoid. The trial may bring out some interesting facts as to the money value of a professional beautifier's services.

All those who have given it a trial will not be without it. I cure Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

"The tree of deepest root, is found least willing still to leave the ground" and this could once have been most truly said of chronic pain of any sort. But after the lapse of many ages, a sovereign remedy has been found in Salvation Oil, every provident householder should keep it.

#### HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE LEAGUE.

Secretary's Office.  
Petersburg, Va., Feb. 27, 1891.

To the Republicans of the State of Virginia: Since issuing the call for the election of delegates to this State league convention I have had several letters of inquiry as to the manner of forming clubs prior to entering the league. For the information of those concerned I would say that if you desire to organize a club in your locality, take a sheet of paper headed by a brief declaration of intentions like the following:

We, the undersigned, republicans of \_\_\_\_\_, believing that the principles of republicanism can be further advanced by organizing a permanent republican club in this locality, hereby enroll ourselves for that purpose.

When you have secured a sufficient number of names, call a meeting of the signers for temporary or permanent organization. This being done you next name your club and adopt the constitution, a copy of which can be had on application to the secretary of the State league.

As to the eligibility of members, page 35, article 2, of the constitution provides that any person over 18 years of age, who is a republican and in hearty sympathy with the principles of the republican party, and a supporter of its candidates, shall be eligible to membership. Clubs desiring membership in the State league shall not have less than twenty-five members, twenty-one of whom shall constitute a quorum. The date of the State convention is at Richmond, Va., has been changed to April 9th, 1891. The national convention at Cincinnati, Ohio, will be held on the 21st of April, 1891.

The following from the circular for the State league convention, issued February 11, 1891, is printed herein for the information of all whom it may concern:

Each regularly organized club shall be entitled to 3 delegates and 3 alternates.

Clubs which may be organized between the date of this call and the date of the convention will be entitled to representation, provided such club shall furnish the secretary of the State league with a list of the names of the officers and members 15 days before the day of the State Convention. The secretaries of all clubs are required to furnish the secretary of the State league—W. W. Evans, Petersburg, Va.—with a list of the delegates and alternates elected to the convention; credentials of delegates and alternates to be signed by the president and secretary of each league club.

W. W. EVANS, Secretary.

Sure to relieve. There is no failure in Simmons Liver Regulator.



#### ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

##### Foreign News.

DUBLIN, March 10.—The draft of a constitution to be submitted to-day to the meeting of anti-Parnellites in this city, defines the objects of the National Federation as being home rule, land law reform, improvement in the status of the masses, assent to the social and political rights of the laborers and artisans and the development of Irish industries and resources, the abolishment of the grand jury system, the establishment of an educational system based on the principle of equal dealing towards all sections of the Irish people, electoral registration reform in regard to Parliament and municipal governments and other bodies and the repeal of the coercion act.

DUBLIN, March 10.—The Freeman's Journal to-day says that "if a few Bishops withdraw from the political contest in Ireland the feud would be quelled in a week." Mr. McCarthy in a published article to-day declares that the National Federation holds the votes, and the people the power. The power of the landlords is gone. The democracy of great Britain, he declares, is on the side of Ireland. The ambition of one man cannot imperil the cause of a nation.

GLASGOW, March 10.—By the explosion of a condenser used in the manufacture of ammonia at Dixon's Iron Works in this city to-day the building was destroyed and seven persons were buried in the ruins. The bodies of three have been recovered.

OTTAWA, Ont., Mar. 10.—Great interest is manifested in the forthcoming meetings of the Cabinet, as it is believed that arrangements will be made as early as practicable for entering into negotiations for reciprocity. Sir Charles Tupper and Sir John Thompson will, it is said, be the Canadian negotiators. It will be remembered that Mr. Blaine said that he could not discuss the matter until after March 4. It is understood, therefore, that the Canadian Government is awaiting some communication from the American Secretary of State.

##### Russian Affairs.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 10.—The Grand Duke Sergius, brother of the Czar, has been appointed Governor of Moscow.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 10.—The tension of affairs caused by the political situation in Scandinavia is keenly watched and followed here. Russia has long been waiting for the opportunity to incorporate into the Russian Empire the country beyond the northwestern frontier, thus gaining a free Atlantic seaboard and enabling Russia to make Ofoten, in Norway, a naval port of equal strategic importance to Vladivostok, near the northern limit of Corea, on the sea of Japan, by joining the gap now separating the railway systems of Russia and Scandinavia. The semi-official Novoe Vremya has taken up the hint that if the Rothschilds espouse the cause of the Hebrews it means financial pressure upon the Russian government, and publishes a long, venomous article stating that the Rothschilds themselves have given hostages to the Russian government inasmuch that they now own practically all the naphtha springs of Baku and have arranged with the American Standard Oil Co., to divide the markets of the world. The paper then says that Russia would not fail, in the event of financial troubles, to give a Roland for an Oliver.

Since the London Mansion House meeting which expressed sympathy with the Hebrews and resulted in sending, through the Lord Mayor, the memorial to the Czar which was returned unread, the severity of the anti-Jewish penal laws has been retold in vigor. When the written laws are inadequate, arbitrary laws replace them.

The commission appointed for the purpose of dealing with the question is composed chiefly of Judeophobes, and in view of these persecutions, about 100,000 of the poorest classes of Jews have embraced Russian orthodoxy, but baptized Jews are subjected to the same restrictions and disabilities as the others.

##### A British Blizzard.

LONDON, March 10.—The blizzard in the south of England continues, though the weather in London is milder. The railroads of Kent and Sussex are completely blocked, and the neighboring country is deep with snow. The hurricanes which accompanied the snow storm piled snowdrifts on all sides, stopping all traffic on the railway lines and upon the country roads. Two trains full of passengers in the Midlands were snowed up last night and the passengers were not released until this morning. The rescued people suffered terribly from cold.

The Sheerness mail car has been lost; between this city and Sheerness. A search party sent out after the missing mail car rescued the engineer of the lost engine. He was found half frozen in a snowdrift. Two clerks were snowed up in a carriage on the Faversham road last night and were rescued with difficulty after having suffered severely. Reports from the provinces show that the blizzard prevailed from the St. George's Channel to the North Sea. Severe disasters at sea have occurred and some lives have been lost.

In addition to the damage done by the storm itself the Thames has commenced to rise in a dangerously rapid manner, and already inundates the low-lying districts bordering on that river from Richmond down.

##### Satisfied With His Sentence.

DECATUR, Ill., March 10.—Bill Crawford, who will hang next Saturday for the murder of Mrs. Mathias, was yesterday ordered to be brought into a court so that a motion could be made for a stay of execution, which the judge promised would be granted, but when the officers went after Crawford he declined to leave the jail. Crawford also declared that he would kill the first man who came into his cell with the intent to take him to the court room. He said that he was guilty and that everyone knew it; he was sentenced to hang and did not propose to interfere with the program.

**A Naval Officer's Prediction.**  
MONTREAL, March 10.—An officer of the British navy, who is in the city, states that there is more significance to be attached to the approaching visit of Lord Wolseley to Canada than is generally believed. Lord Wolseley, he said, will proceed to the Pacific coast, where, in company with General Herbert, he will inspect the defenses of British Columbia and more particularly the navy yard at Esquimaux. When asked what he thought of the outlook and the possibility of an early settlement of the Behring Sea dispute he said: "I would not be surprised to find Great Britain and the United States at war before the year is out." In conclusion he said that the activity shown by the British dock yards clearly showed that England was preparing to be ready for any emergency. "Just mark my words," he added, "if Great Britain and the United States do not measure swords before the year closes, they will come so near it that only the greatest amount of strategy will avert it."

##### In Deadly Combat.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Mar. 10.—The following particulars are learned of the killing of Wm. Trimmer by Frank Coto, at El Cajon. Trimmer had been courting Coto's sister, but was objected to by her relatives. Yesterday Coto forbade Trimmer to call on his sister again. After a quarrel they decided to fight a duel. Twenty paces were stepped off and both began firing. After a few shots Trimmer fell dead, while Coto received a severe wound in the arm and back.

##### Big Whales in the Chesapeake.

NOBOLK, Va., March 10.—The lower Chesapeake is fairly alive with whales. They have the appearance of sperm whales, and the man who could corral the lot would be rich. Captain Howes, of the steamer Dorchester, from Boston, reports three big fellows off Fortress Monroe. They were blowing at a great rate. Nearly every captain arriving the past week reports having seen the sea monsters throughout the various parts of the bay.

##### A Town Buried in Snow.

ST. PETERSBURG, Mar. 10.—Information has reached Kharkov that the town of Tanager, on the Sea of Azov, has been completely buried in snow for three weeks. Ten thousand workmen were immediately dispatched to the scene by the Government with orders to work day and night opening the roads, and a large relief party has been organized to carry food to the starving people.

**A GREAT BRIDGE OVER THE POTOMAC.**—In the proposed new Arlington suspension bridge at Washington the clear height above the water at mid-channel is to be 105 feet, the river span to be 1,100 feet, and the two shore spans 652 feet each. The approach at each end will be on masonry, arched, viaducts and embankments of earth. Suspension cables of steel will pass over two granite towers, each about 210 feet high, pierced with arched openings for roadways, and be anchored into masses of masonry at the outer end of each approach.—*Baltimore Sun.*

##### DRY GOODS.

**WOODWARD & LOTHROP**  
March 10, 1891.

**Ready-Cut Waist Linings.**  
Made of Best Quality Silesia—  
sure fit guaranteed—all sizes.

50c Each.

(Lining Department, 1st floor, 10th street building)

##### BOYS' CLOTHING.

It will be our constant aim to supply, first of all, durable goods, and, secondly, to offer the largest stock and greatest variety to select from that the best markets of the country afford. We buy largely from all the recognized leaders in this specialty, being therefore in receipt, at all times, of the latest novelties.

**A FEW OF THE SPRING STYLES WE WOULD HAVE YOU NOTICE.**  
1 line of All-wool, Gray Mixed  
Two-Button, single-breasted, plain-front and back—new style pockets. Size 5 to 12 years.  
\$5.00 each.

1 line of Medium and Light Tan Chevi